obstructing interstate and foreign commicroe, and for other purposes, was announced as next in order.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Is there obfection?

Mr. TAFT. Mr. President, I object. The VICE PRESIDENT. On objection, the bill will be passed over.

TRANSFER OF POMONA STATION OF AGRICULTURE REMOUNT SERVICE

The bill (S. 969) to transfer the Pomona station of the Agriculture Remount Service, Department of Agriculture, at Pomona, Calif., was announced

as next in order.
The VICE PRESIDENT. Is their obfection?

Mr. WHERRY. Mr. President, reserving the right to object, am I correct in my understanding that we are now on Calendar 84, Senate bill 969?

The VICE PRESIDENT. That is cor-

Mr. WHERRY. If I may inquire, can the Senator from Oregon tell us whether consideration of this bill also is objected to on the same basis as the objection to the bill relative to Crawford, Nebr.?

Mr. MORSE. No. Mr. President, I have gone into this bill, and it is a good example of the distinction in principle to which I have heretofore alluded. In this and all the bill proposes to do is to retula to the Kellogg Foundation the property which they sought to turn over and did turn over to the Federal Government for a particular use. The Federal Government no longer desiring the property for that purpose. I think it is perfeetly proper to return the property to the Kellogg Foundation. It is not a case of giving away property that belongs to all the people of the United States, but rather returning property turned over to the Government for a particular use which the Government no longer wants to make use of. I have no objection.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill, which had been reported from the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry with an amendment on page 1, line 7, after the word "California", to strike out ", which was conveyed to the United States acting through the War Department (now Department of the Army) by W. K. Kellogg", and Insert "which tract, originoily in the ownership of W. K. Kellogg, was conveyed to the United States acting through the War Department (now Department of the Army)", so as to make the bill read:

Be it enacted, etc., That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized and directed to transfer and convey to the W. K. Kellogg Foundation, Inc., without cost, the real property, comprising 812 acres, more or less, of the Agriculture Remount Station at Pomona Calif., which was conveyed to the United States acting through the War Department (now Department of the Army) by W. K. Kellogg and subsequently transferred to the Department of Agriculture pursuant to the act of April 21, 1948 (62 Stat. 197), and such of the personal property of this station as may be agreed upon, in writing, by the Sec-retary of Agriculture and the W. K. Kellogg Poundation, Inc. The minimum man remain on the first term of the control of the con

ADMINISTRATION OF CENTRAL INTELLI-GENCE AGENCY—BILL PASSED OVER

The bill (H. R. 2663) to provide for the administration of the Central Intelligence Agency, established pursuant to section 102. National Security Act of 1947, and for other purposes, was announced as next in order.

Mr. TYDINGS. Mr. President, I should like to make a brief explanation of the bill. This is a very important bill to those who are identified with the Central Intelligence Agency. In modern times it is necessary to assemble all the information that can be obtained concerning our own national security and its relationship to the national security of other countries. All governments—we might as well be frank about it—utilize every reasonable agency they can to assemble desirable information concerning the activities of other governments. Sometimes in some countries men who are

engaged in trying to find out what is going on lose their lives. They are caught, held as spics, and liquidated. They are never heard of again. The bill does not provide for any new activity. What it does particularly is to seek to safeguard information procured by agents of the Government so that it will

not fall into the hands of enemy countries or potential enemy countries who would use the information to discover who the agents were, and kill them. To my certain knowledge, in a certain

area, not many years ago three good Americans who were trying to serve their Government by finding out whether the Intentions of another government were strictly honorable were liquidated. The men were detected and killed. What the bill does is to seek to keep their names and identities out of the normal accounting channels, so that they cannot be pleked up through the promiscuous dis-

semination of information. That is the principal point in the oill.

I shall not ask for its immediate consideration. I know there are some Senators, one of whom is my good friend and colleague, the Senator from North Dakota, who wants more time to look into it. But I wanted to make this brief explanation, so that Senators would have in mind what is in the bill as they consider it and read it in the future. I shall be very glad to yield, within the time limit that is left to me, to answer, if I can, any question any Senator may desire to raise.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill will be passed over, then.

DISCLOSURES RELATING TO UNITED STATES CODES, ETC.—BILL PASSED OVER

The bill (S. 277) to enhance further the security of the United States by preventing disclosures of information concerning the cryptographic systems and the communications intelligence activities of the United States was announced as next in order.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Is there ob-

cerring the elatel to attend to

Michigan that the words "lawful demands..." co not mean that a subpena by Congress will be necessary in order to obtain infirmation for congressional commutees, either of the Senate of House, or joint committees. Will the Senator from Texas make a statement to that effect is: the record?

Mr. JOHESON of Texas. The Senator from Michigan has correctly stated the mean_nr

The VICE PRESIDENT. Is there objection to me present consideration of the half?

Mr. JOENSON of Colorade, I ask that the bill go over.
The VICE PRESIDENT, Does the

Senatur object?

Mr. JOHISON of Colorado. I object
The VICE PRESIDENT. The bill will be passed over.

IIIL PASSID OVER

The bill H. R. 1211) to extend the authority of the President under section 350 of the Triff Act of 1930, as amended. and far other purposes, was announced

as new in order.
Mr. President, by request, I aik that the bill go over 1 should also like to have the same statement made following the objection raised by me to Calendar 71, Senate bill 1070. The VICH PRESIDENT. On objec-tion, the bill will be passed ever.

ILL PASSED OVER

The bill 3. 900) to amend the Com. modity Creat Corporation Charter An, the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act, and for other purposes, was announced as next in order.

The VICE PRESIDENT. Is there ob-

jection?

Mr. LODGE. By request, I object. Mr. THUMAS of Oklahoma. Mr. President, I should like to inquire whether the Senator from Massachusetts will withhild the objection for a moment?

Mr. LODGE. I may say to the Sena. tor from Odahoma I am making objection at the request of a colleague who cannon be present today. I, myself, have

no interest in the matter.

Mr. TEUMAS of Oklahoma, Mr. President, essentially the bill contains but two privisions. One is a reference to the board personnel. The second is a reference to broadening the powers of the Commidity Credit Corporation. T understand there are objection; to the personnel if the board as proposed in the all.. It is not necessary, in ray opinion, as consider the second objective. which is to give the Commodity Credit Corporation power to acquire property by gift, leam, or otherwise for the construction of storage facilities. In order to secure action on the bill if the on jection run; to the first feature, the personnel of the board. I should be willing, as author of the bill in part, to waive that feature in order to have the second part enacted into law.
Mr. LODDE. I may say to the Sen-

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1949

erty shall be determined by the Sceretary of the Treasury."; and agree to the same. DENNIS CHAVEZ, SPESSARD L. HOLLAND, HARRY P. CAIN,

EDWARD MARTIN, Managers on the Part of the Senate. WILL M. WHITTINGTON, CHARLES A. BUCKLEY, HENRY D. LARCADE, Jr., GEO. A. DONDERO, HOMER D. ANGELL

Managers on the Part of the House.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. Hill in the chair). Is there objection to the present consideration of the report? There being no objection, the Senate

proceeded to consider the report. Mr. TAFT. Mr. President, I notice that the report is signed by two Republicans and two Democrats, conferees on the part of the Senate. Was the report unanimous, so far as the Senate conferces were concerned?

Mr. CHAVEZ. It was a unanimous report. One of the conferces—the Senntor from Kentucky [Mr. CHAPMAN]happened to be out of the city when we had the conference. That is why he did not sign the report.

Mr. TAFT. There was no objection. otherwise?

Mr. CHAVEZ. There was no objec-

The PRESIDING OFFICER. question is on agreeing to the report.

The report was agreed to.

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY-CONFERENCE REPORT

During the delivery of the speech of

Mr. Themas of Utah, Mr. TYDINGS. Mr. President, will the Senator yield for consideration of a conference report, which will not require

very much time? Mr. THOMAS of Utah. I yield, if by so doing I am not taken off the floor.

Mr. TYDINGS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Schator from Utah may yield, without losing the floor thereby, for consideration of a conference report in which the Senate viewpoint has been adopted by the House. The conference report is on the Central Intelligence Agency bill, House bill 2663, which passed the Senate 3 or 4 days ago.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. Douglas in the chair). Is there objection?

Mr. WHERRY. Mr. President, reserving the right to object, do I correctly understand the Senator from Maryland to state that the Senate viewpoint was

acceded to by the House?
Mr. TYDINGS. The House acceded to the Senate amendment.

Mr. President, I submit the conference report on the Central Intelligence Avency bill, and ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The report will be read.

The report was read, as follows:

amendments of the Schale to the bill (H. R. 2663) to provide for the administration of the Central Intelligence Agency, established pursuant to section 102, National Security Act of 1947, and for other purposes, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses as follows:

That the House recede from its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate numbered 1, 2, and 3; and agree to the same. M. E. Typings.

RICHARD B. RUSSELL, HARRY F. BYRD. STYLES BRIDGES, CHAN GURNEY,
Managers on the Part of the Senate. CARL T. DURHAM. LANSDALE G. SASSCER. FRANCE R. HAVENNER,

I. C. ARENDS. CHARLES H. ELSTON, Managers on the Part of the House.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the consideration of the report?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the report.

Mr. WHERRY. Mr. President, I ask the Senator from Maryland to make a brief statement respecting the report.

Mr. TYDINGS. Mr. President, the Senate will recall that at the instance of the Senator from North Dakota [Mr. Lancerl, two small amendments of interpretation were placed in the bill. One was for the purpose of providing a wider check on immigration; the other confined the activities of the organization to external matters. The House adopted both amendments, which the Central Intelligence Agency was happy to approve, because the purposes sought by the amendments had originally been intended to be included.

Mr. WHERRY. That is all that is invoived?

Mr. TYDINGS. Yes. Mr. WHERRY. The Senate's viewpoint was adopted by the House?

Mr. TYDINGS. That is correct. Mr. WHERRY. I have no objection.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. question is on agreeing to the conference

The report was agreed to.

Mr. TYDINGS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that this matter may appear in the RECORD at the conclusion of the address now being delivered by the Senator frem Utah.,

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

HOUSE BILL AND JOINT RESOLUTION REFERRED

The following bill and joint resolution were each read twice by their titles, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

H. R. 4567. An act to amend the Displaced Persons Act of 1948; and H. J. Res. 170. Joint resolution designat-

ing June 14 of each year as Flag Day.

NATIONAL LABOR RELATIONS ACT OF 1949

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The Senate resumed the consideration of the bill (S. 249) to diminish the causes of labor disputed burdening or obstruct

Mr. THOMAS of Utah. Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorus. The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr.

Douglas in the chair). The clerk will call the roll.

The roll was called, and the following Schators answered to their names:

Hendrickson Maybank Hill Mirmy Humphrey O'Mahoney Aiken Anderson Paldwin. Humphrey O'Mahoney
Ives Pepper
Jenner Hissell
Johnston, Tex. Schoeppel
Johnston, S. C. Sparkman
Kerr Taft
McCarran Thomas, Utab Butler Chapman Chavez Donnell Douglas Downey Forguson Flanders Frear Fulbright McClellan McFarland McGrath McKellar Thye Tydings Wiley Green Martin

The PRESIDENT pro tempore A quorum is not present. The clerk will call the names of the absent Senators.

The names of the absent Senators were called, and Mr. ROBERTSON, Mr. KEFAUVER, Mr. LUCAS, Mr. WILLIAMS, and Mr. Withers answered to their names when called.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. A quorum is not present.

Mr. LUCAS. I move that the Sergeant at Arms be directed to request the attendance of absent Senators.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDENT pro tempora. Inc Sergeant at Arms will execute the order of the Senate.

After a little delay, Mr. Neely, Mr. McCarthy, Mr. Ecton, and Mr. Kilgore entered the Chamber and answered to their names.

Mr. BRICKER, Mr. Etlender, Mr. HAYDEN, Mr. HOEY, Mr. TAYLOR, and Mr. Thomas of Oklahoma, also entered the Chamber and answered to their names.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. A quorum is present.

Mr. HUMPHREY. Mr. President, I send to the desk an amendment to Senate bill 249. The amendment is offered in behalf of myself, the Sentter from Vermont [Mr. Argen], the Sentter from Alabama [Mr. HILL], the Sen: tor from Kentucky [Mr. WITHERS], the Senator from New Hampshire [Mr. Toney], the Senator from Maine Dirs. EMITHI, the Senator from North Dallota [Mr. Langer], the Senator from Orcgon [Mr. Morse], and the Senator from Illinois [Mr. Douglas].

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The amendment will be received, printed, and lie on the table.

Mr. McCARRAN. Mr. President, I respectfully refer to the unanimous-consent agreement which was had this morning to the effect that on the conclusion of the speech by the Senttor from Utah [Mr. Thomas] in connection with the pending bill, the unfinished husiness would be laid aside and we would have an opportunity to pre ent the appropriation bill for the Departments of State, Justice, Commerce, and the Judiciary, which is now pending on the calendar. At this hour it is entirely too late to go forward with that unanimous-consent agregatem. I have had a short confequency with the confequence

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of

There being no objection, the bill (H. R. 3181) to provide for more effective conservation in the arid and semiarid areas of the United States, and for other purposes, was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

A message from the House of Representatives, by Mr. Maurer, one of its reading clerks, announced that the House had disagreed to the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 2003) to provide for the administration of the Central Intelligence Agency, established pursuant to section 162, National Security Act of 1947, and for other purposes; asked a conference with the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon, and that Mr. Durham, Mr. Sasscer, Mr. HAVENNER, Mr. ARENDS, and Mr. Elston were appointed managers on the part of the House at the conference.

ADMINISTRATION OF CENTRAL INTELLI-GENCE AGENCY

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. HOLLAND in the chair) laid before the Senate a message from the House of Representatives announcing its disagreement to the amendments of the Senate to the bill (H. R. 2663) to provide for the administration of the Central Intelligence Agency, established pursuant to section 162, National Security Act of 1947, and for other purposes, and requesting a conference with the Senate on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses thereon.

Mr. LUCAS. Mr. President, on behalf of the Senator from Maryland [Mr. Typings], I move that the Senate insist upon its amendments, agree to the request of the House for a conference, and that the Chair appoint the conferees on the part of the Senate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered. The Chair will name the conferees on the part of the Senate later in the session today.

Subsequently, the Presiding Officer (Mr. Long in the chair) appointed Mr. Typings, Mr. Russell, Mr. Byrd, Mr. BRIDGES, and Mr. GURNEY conferees on the part of the Senate.

CALL OF THE ROLL

Mr. LUCAS. I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. clerk will call the roll.

The roll was called, and the following Senators answered to their names:

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A.Ken	Ha
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McFarland McGrath McKellar Malone Martin Maybank Millikin Murra**y** Myers Neely O'Conor Pepper Robertson Russell Saltonstall Saltonstall Ápproved Főr Release 2002/10/31: CIA-RDP90-00610R000100140002-0

Taylor Thre Thomas, Okia. Tobey Thomas, Utah Tydings

Wiley Williams

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. Long in the chair). A quorum is present,

SECOND DESICIENCY APPROPRIATIONS

Mr. McKELLAR, Mr. President, I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the bill (H. R. 4046) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1949, and for other purposes.

The motion was agreed to, and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill (H. R. 4946) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30. 1949, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on Appropriations, with amendments.

Mr. McHELLAR, I ask unanimous consent that the formal reading of the bill be dispensed with, that it be read for amendment, and that the committee amendments be first considered.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered, and the clerk will proceed to state the committee amendments.

The first amendment of the Committee on Appropriations was, under the heading "Legislative branch-House of Representatives," on page 1, after line 8, to insert:

For payment to Elicen Mercado-Parra Coffey, widow of Robert L. Coffey, Jr., late a Representative from the State of Pennsylvania, \$12,550.

The amendment was agreed to.

The next amendment was, under the subhead "Architect of the Capitol-Capitol Building and Grounds," on page 2, after line 24, to insert:

The limitation of 31,500 placed on expenses for travel on official business under the Architect of the Capitol contained in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1949, is hereby increased to \$2,800.

The amendment was agreed to. The next amendment was, on page 3, after line 20, to insert:

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT RELIEF OF PALESTINE REFUGERS

To enable the President to carry out the provisions of the joint resolution of March 24, 1940 (Public Law 25), authorizing a special contribution by the United States to the United Nations for the relief of Palestine refugees, \$14,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1950, of which \$8,000,000 shall be used to repay, without interest, the Re-construction Finance Corporation for advances made pursuant to section 1 of said

Mr. HUMPHREY. I desire to direct some remarks to that portion of the deficiency bill pertaining to the relief of Palestine refugees, wherein the sum of \$14,000,000 has been provided, by Senate amendment to the bill H. R. 4046. I understand the original House provision was in the amount of \$16,000,000, instead of the \$14,000,000, which has now been recommended by the Senate commlttec.

Mr. McKELLAR, Mr. President, if

appropriation at all. It came to us a. a special estimate, after the House had acted. The House did not act on it at ell.

Mr. HUMPHREY. Is it not true that the House Committee on Foreign Affairs. however, did have some discussion of this question and recommended the original authorization of \$16,000,000?

Mr. McKELLAR. A law was passed providing such an authorization, but no estimate was passed upon by the House The estimate came to the Senate, and the Senate allowed, by way of amendment, the amount that has been stated

Mr. HUMPHREY. Mr. President. 1 should like to make a few remarks in reference to an amendment I desire to offer. I offer the amendment at this time, in line 1, page 4, to strike out the "\$14,000,000" and insert in licu thereo: "\$16,000,000." I wish to address mysel: to the amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will state the amendment to the committee amendment.

The LEGISLATIVE CLERK. On page 4, in linc 1, it is proposed to strike out "\$14.-000,000", and insert "\$16,000,000." Mr. HUMPHREY. The Government

of the United States and other governments have made at least tentative commitments to assist in the relief and rehablitation of some 800,000 citizens of the Arabian countries who have been displaced because of the international situation which has occurred in connection with the creation of the State of Israel. As we all know, there was a recommendation and authorization of \$16.-000,000 adopted by the Congress, and now the task is to appropriate the money to fulfill the authorization. It is my considered judgment that we have now an opportunity fully to support the efforts being made by the United Nations for the relief of a very unhappy and tragic situation in the Near East. Here is an opportunity to deal with a very delicate situation in the Near East which has often been referred to as one of the kegs of dynamite or powder kegs in the international situation. Furthermore, as a government we have made certain promises to other members of the United Nations and I think it is very important that we fulfill those promises.

There has been established a special commission of the United Nations, known as the United Nations Relief for Palestine Refugees. This United Nations organization has set as an objective a fund of some \$32,000,000, of which the United States was to be asked for \$16,000,000. I think it should be noted that approximately \$13,000,000 of the \$16,000,000 which other countries are committed to has already been subscribed, or is in the process of being subscribed. I realize that \$14,000,000 is a very generous contribution on the part of our Government, but those who have testified in reference to the tragic situation in the Near East and the large number of displaced persons in that area, tell us that the over-all budget of \$32,000,000, which was established by the United Entions